

Presentation Focus

- Structure of and tools within Portland's waterfront zoning
- The focus will be on the relationship between zoning and marine industrial preservation as applied to various areas within our harbor.



The variables involve differing water depths, intensities and types of commercial marine activity, private verses public ownership, and the extent to which mixed use is promoted/allowed/prohibited based on those variables.



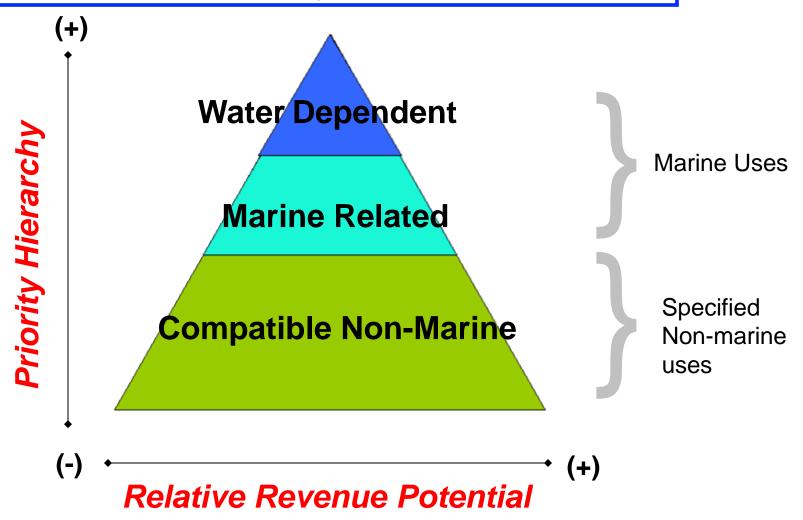
The City of Portland is Maine's largest municipality with a population of 66,000 within a metro region of 250,000. Portland is a financial, transportation, and service center for Northern New England.

The Port of Portland is divided between the cities of Portland and South Portland

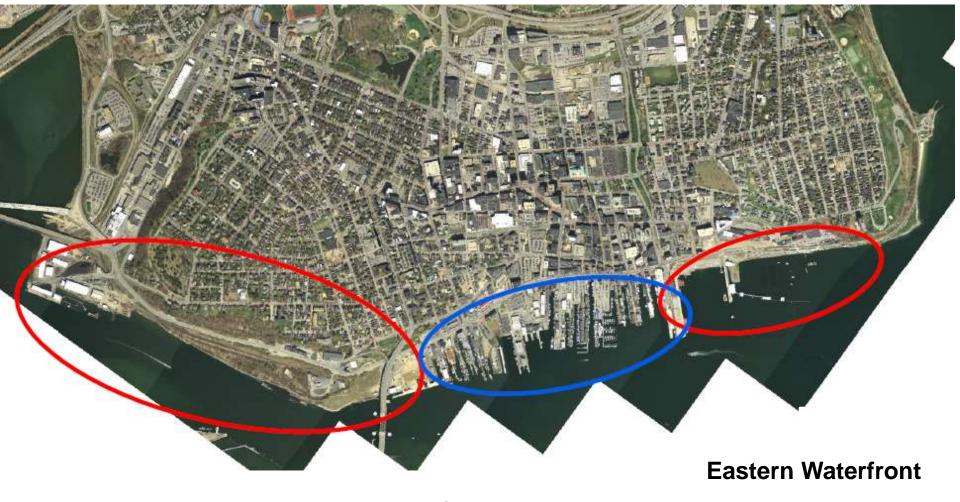
Liquid bulk freight and recreational berthing dominate the South Portland shore

Commercial Fishing, bulk and break bulk freight, and passenger service characterize the Portland shore





Non-Marine Uses Must respect the functional needs of higher priority uses and provide needed revenue to invest in marine infrastructure



Western Waterfront

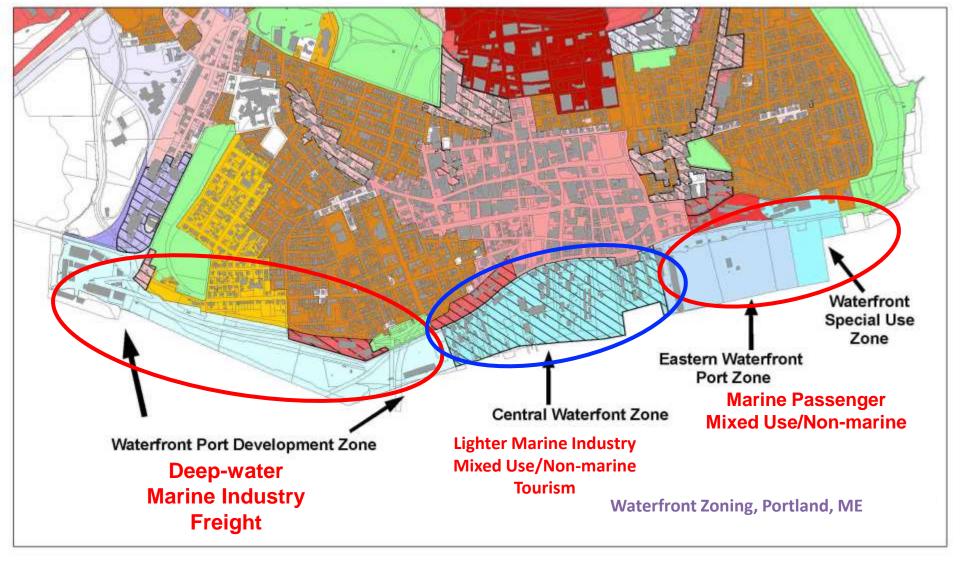
Deep-water
Marine Industry
Freight

Central Waterfront

Lighter Marine Industry
Mixed Use/Non-marine
Tourism

Marine Passenger Mixed Use/Non-marine

Policies are applied differently according to water depth and type and intensity of marine uses



- Promote <u>marine industry</u> and <u>infrastructure</u>
- Allow <u>compatible</u> and <u>supportive</u> non-marine uses
- Enforce compatibility through <u>performance based zoning</u>



Eastern Waterfront Port Zone:

- Passenger Industry
- Limited Potential for Mixed Use
- Other marine uses allowed





Waterfront Port Development Zone:

- Freight
- Heavy Industry







Waterfront Central Zone:

- Fishing
- Tourism
- Mixed Use



Zone	Water Depth –	Types of vessels supported
Waterfront Port Development Zone	Deep Water, Dredged Channel	FreightMarine Construction
Eastern Waterfront Port Zone	Deep Water, Dredged Channel Shallows near shore	 Local Island Ferry Cruise ships International (inactive) Tugs Marinas allowed in shallows – Out of the way
Waterfront Central Zone	Some deep water with siltation between piers	 Groundfishing and Lobster Tour boats Marinas (no expansion allowed) Petrol. transport support

Zone	Intensities and Types of Commercial Marine Activity
Waterfront Port Development Zone	 Intermodal Transport Boat/Ship Repair Seafood processing/wholesaling/shipping by conditional use
Eastern Waterfront Port Zone	 Intermodal Transport Boat/Ship Repair Seafood processing/wholesaling/shipping by conditional use Marinas by conditional use (shallow water only)
Waterfront Central Zone	 Fishing Seafood processing/wholesaling/shipping Seafood retail Boat repair Marine tourism Marine products retailing Virtually any marine support industry

Zone	Private verses Public ownership
Waterfront Port Development Zone	Mixed public and private large parcels - over 10 acres - Typical
Eastern Waterfront Port Zone	Entirely Public – Can be treated like an airport
Waterfront Central Zone	Mostly private - Includes street-frontage buildings with no water access Private commercial piers (mostly 19 th century) Quasi-public Fish Pier — industrial subdivision housing the fish auction and private processing fish plants

Zone	Mixed Use (non-marine) allowed?	
Waterfront Port Development Zone	Almost none allowed Non-marine industrial uses allowed subject to Conditional Use Standards: "physically adaptable or re-locatable"	
Eastern Waterfront Port Zone	Passenger support uses (retail, car rental, like an airport) Limited by square footage and % Broad allowances for upper floor office use Broader allowances considered as a re-zoning	
Waterfront Central Zone	Non-marine overlay – along street, 100% non-marine subject to marine investment requirement 45% of ground floors beyond the overlay 100% of Upper floors everywhere Heavily reliant on performance standards protecting access No residential use – no (more) recreational boats	

