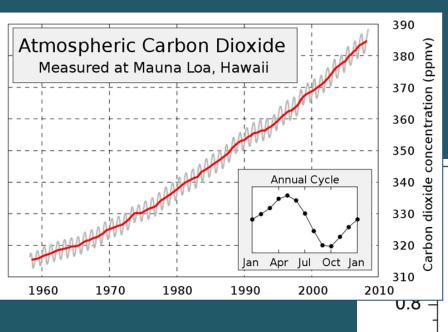
# Sea Level Rise: What's happening on Puget Sound?

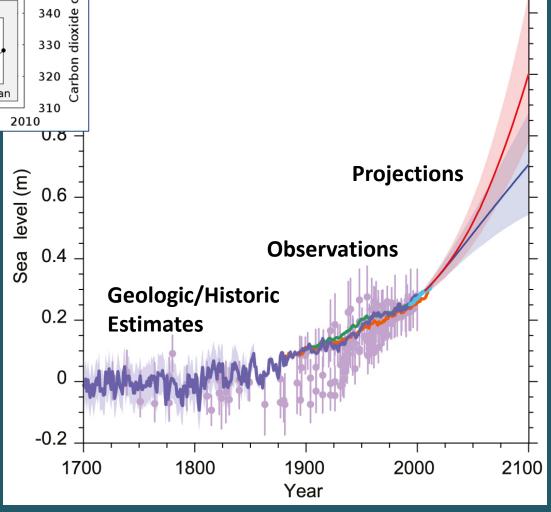


**Shoreline and Coastal Planners Group 22 January 2015** 

Hugh Shipman WA Ecology



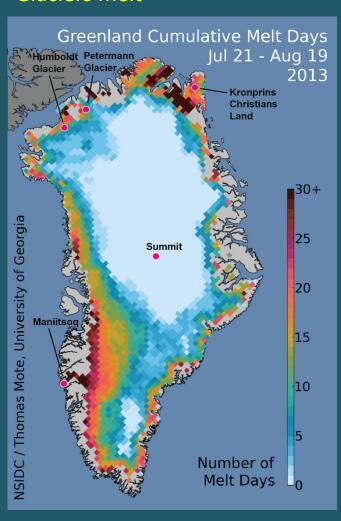
#### **Sea Level Rise 101**



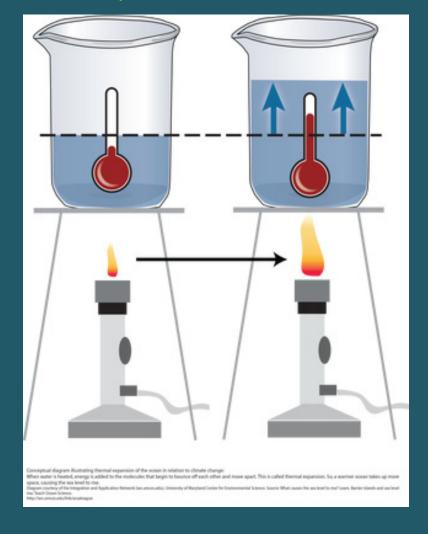
IPCC 2014 Chapter 13

### Warmer climate leads to higher sea level ...

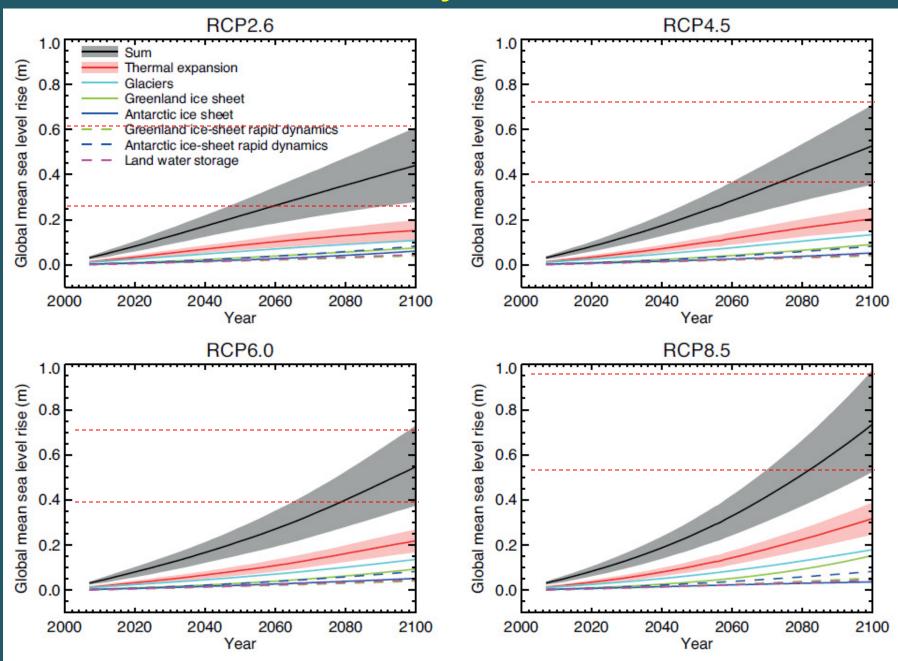
#### Glaciers melt



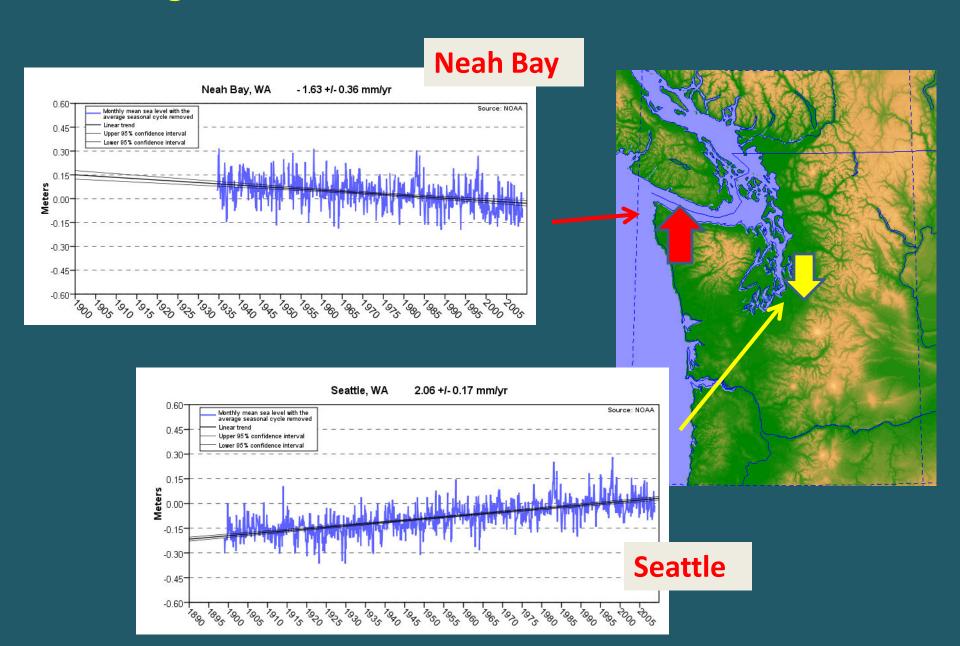
#### Water expands



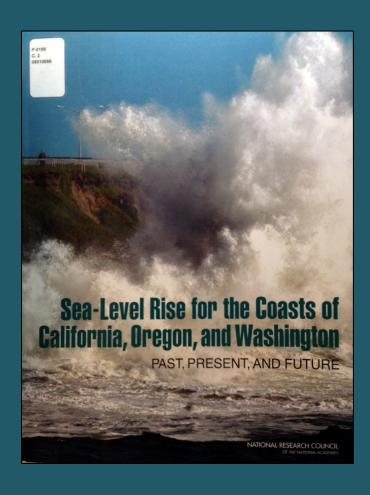
#### **IPCC 2014 Sea Level Projections**

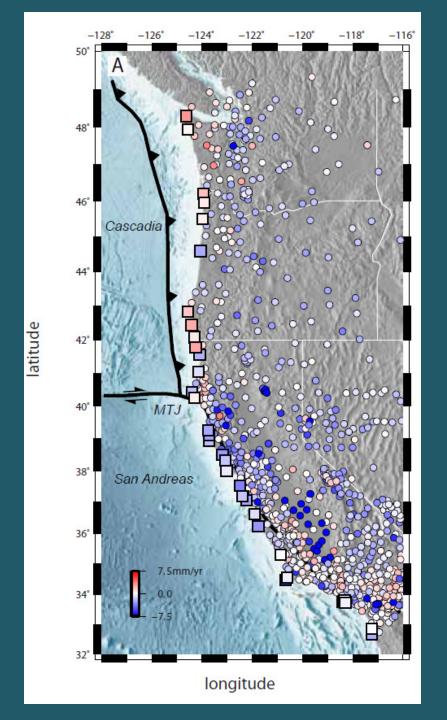


#### **Tide Gage Records**



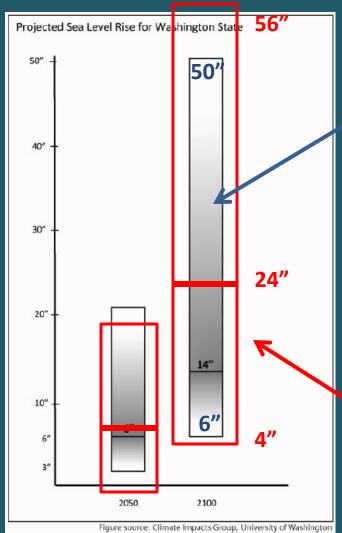
## National Research Council 2012

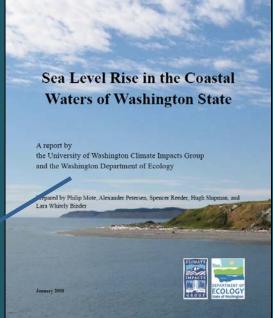


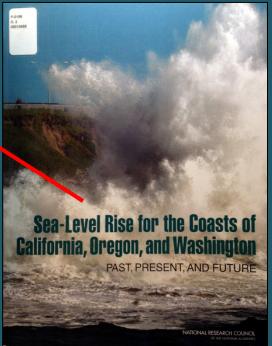


#### Regional Sea Level Projections

## Mote 2010 CIG/Ecology



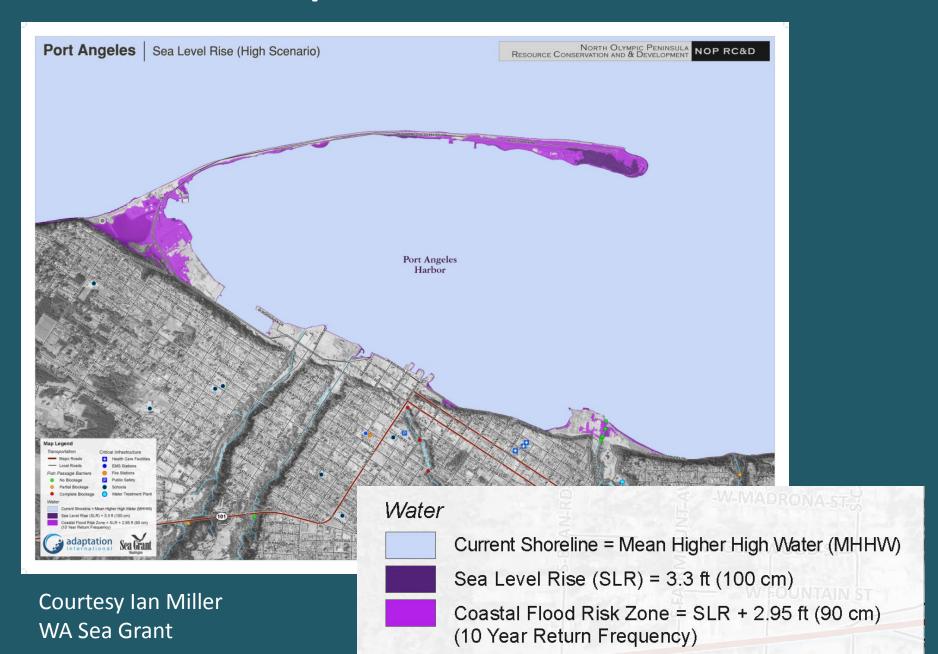




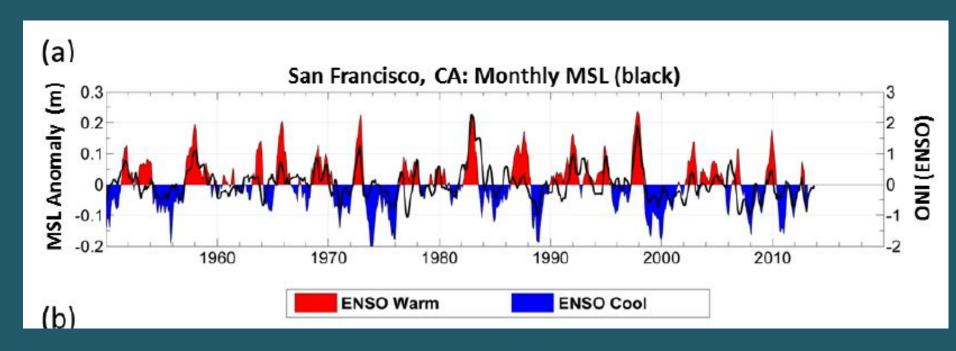
**National Research Council 2012** 



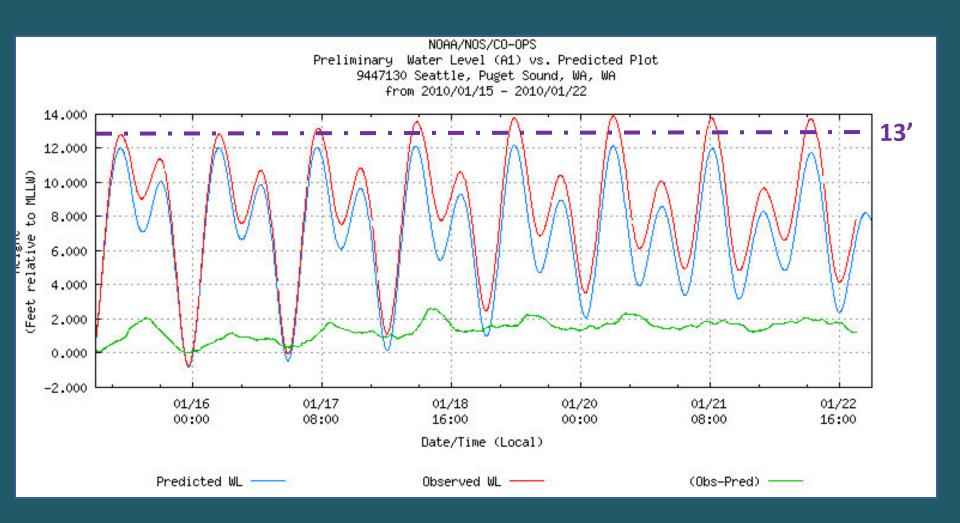
#### **Inundation Maps**



### Higher sea level during El Ninos



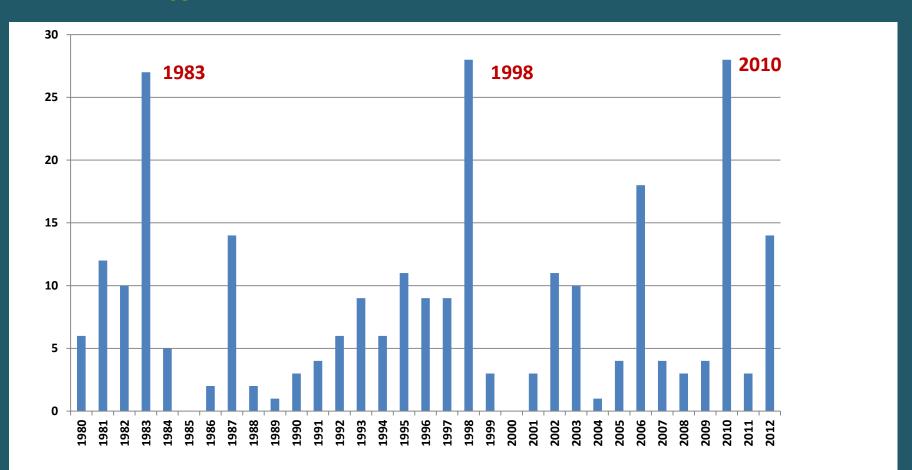
#### Seattle Tides – January 15-22, 2010

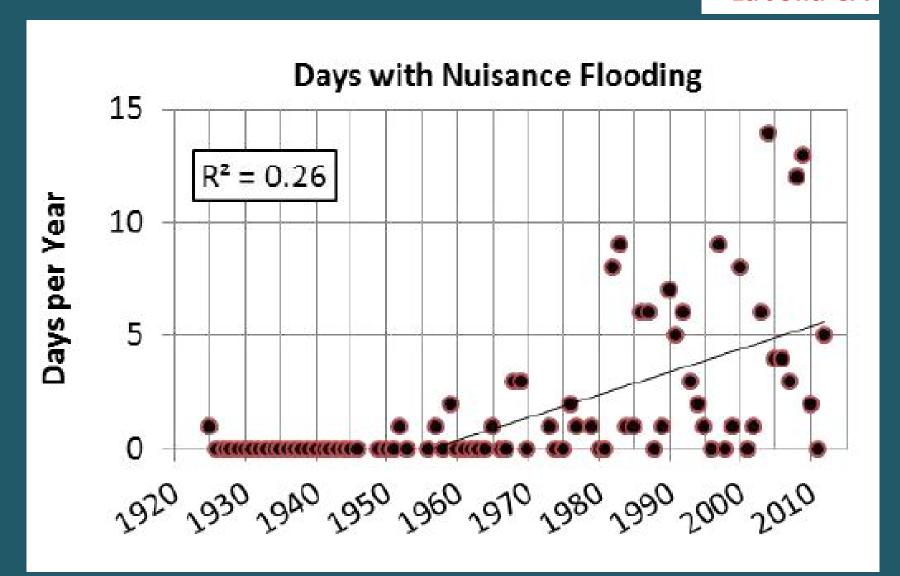


## Annual frequency of Seattle tides >13.0' MLLW

During strong El Ninos, sea level on the west coast can rise more than 15-20 cm (6-8"), resulting in more frequent extreme high tides.

MHHW = 11.35'





#### Storms and Floods

Extreme high water levels will increase

Flood events of any given magnitude will become *more frequent* 

Severity and frequency of storms may or may not increase

Damaging storms will occur more frequently, because storms will occur at higher water levels

Our response to sea level will be dictated by events, not the chronic increase in water levels

West Beach, Whidbey Island December 17, 2012





