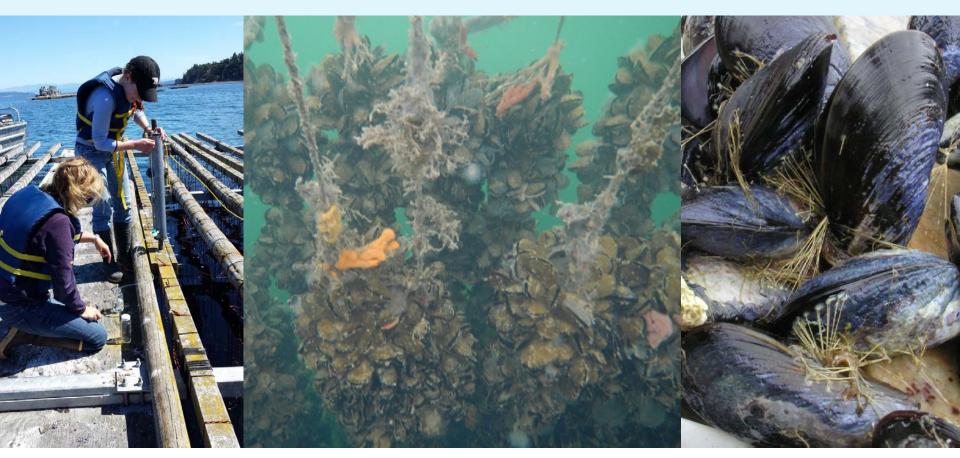
Effects of Ocean Acidification on Shellfish

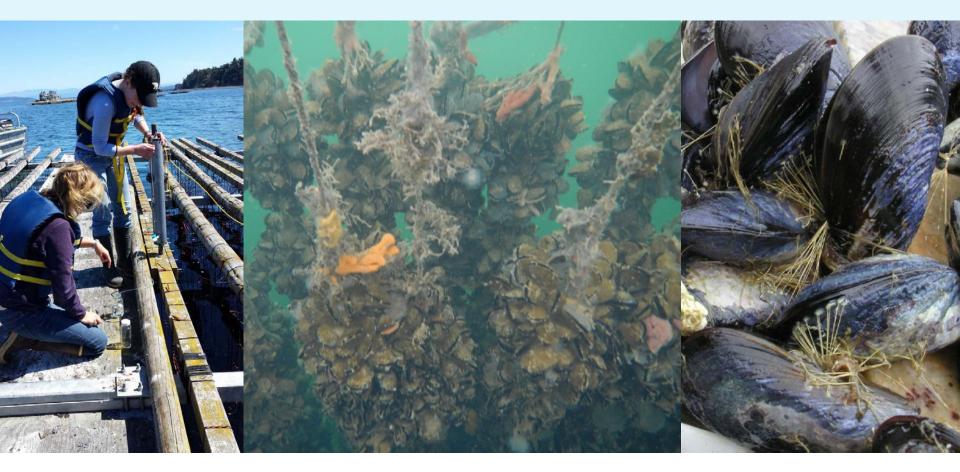




Emily Carrington Department of Biology & Friday Harbor Laboratories University of Washington

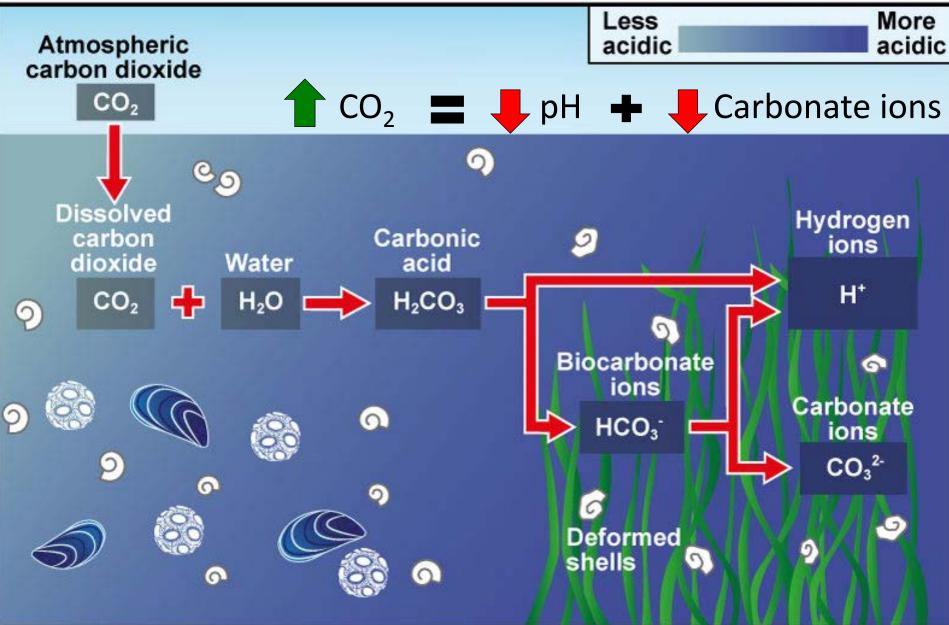


Effects of Ocean Acidification on Shellfish



Emily Carrington Laura Newcomb, Carolyn Friedman, Ian Jefferds

OCEAN ACIDIFICATION





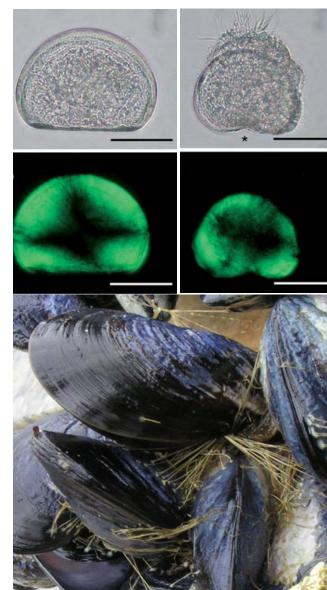
Oysters & Ocean Acidification all life stages affected

- Larval mortality in hatcheries (Barton et al. 2012)
- Juveniles with slower growth and higher mortality (Timmins-Schiffman et al. 2012)
- Broodstock with lower fecundity (Friedman & Davis unpub.)



Mussels & Ocean Acidification all life stages affected

- Larvae with slower growth and reduced calcification (Kurihara et al. 2008; Gaylord et al. 2011)
- Adults with slower growth and higher mortality, especially with low food (Melzner et al. 2011) and/or high temperature (Gazeau et al. 2014)



Mussel "fall-off" occurs in natural and farmed populations





20-35% of population lost annually

Mussel Byssal Attachment





3X Speed M.E. Miller



OAEL

Ocean Acidification Environmental Laboratory



Mussels in controlled mixing reservoirs to manipulate:

pH, Temperature, Food Supply

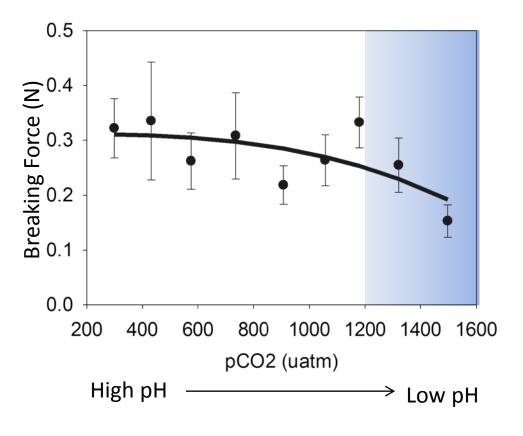


Byssal thread strength





Mytilus trossulus weak attachment at low pH



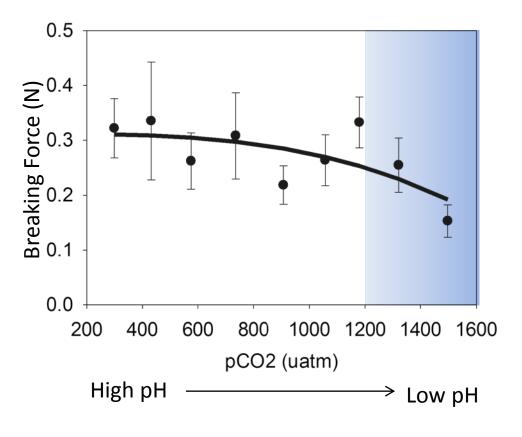
O'Donnell et al. 2013





< 7.6

Mytilus trossulus weak attachment at low pH



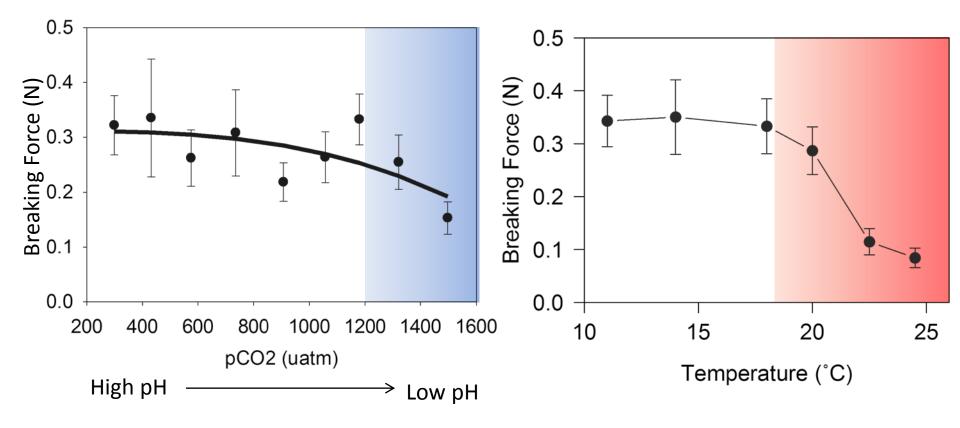
O'Donnell et al. 2013





< 7.6

Mytilus trossulus weak attachment at low pH and high temperature



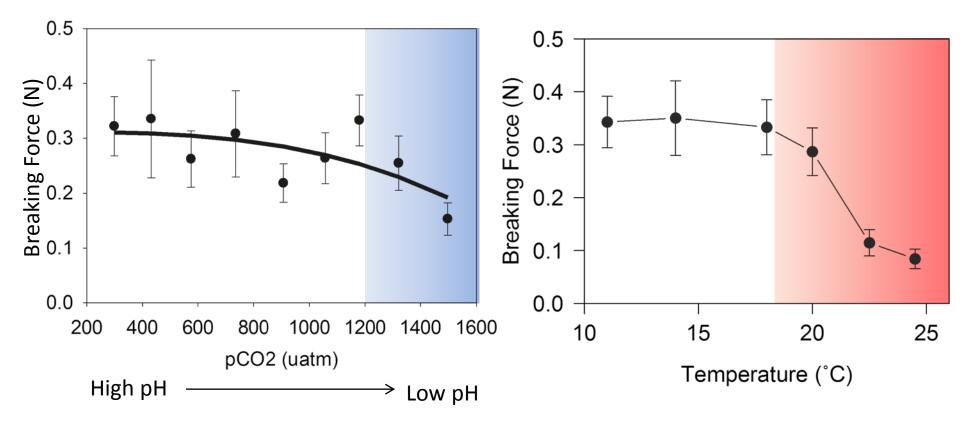
O'Donnell et al. 2013

Newcomb et al., unpub.





< 7.6 > 18°C Mytilus trossulus weak attachment at low pH and high temperature



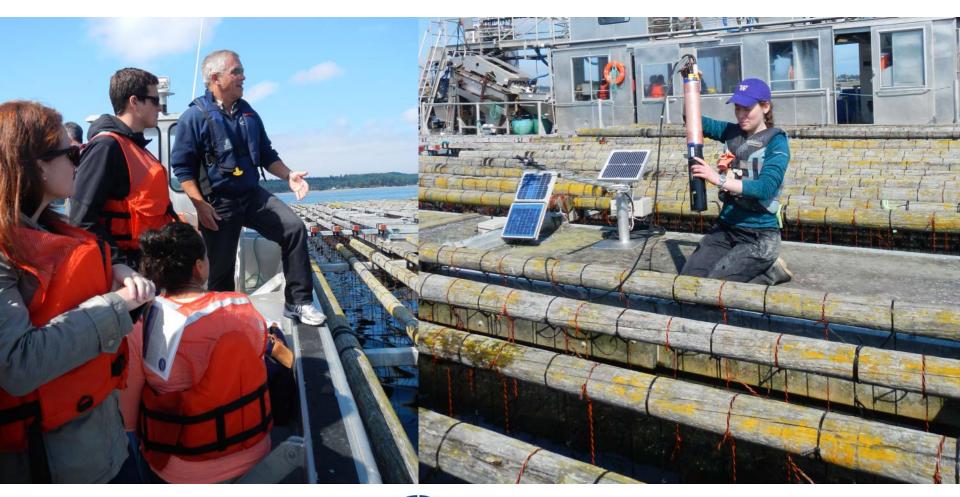
O'Donnell et al. 2013

Newcomb et al., unpub.

Do mussels ever experience low pH (< 7.6) and/or high temperature >18°C?



"Testing the waters" at Penn Cove Partnership with **academia**, **industry**, **state** and **federal** agencies







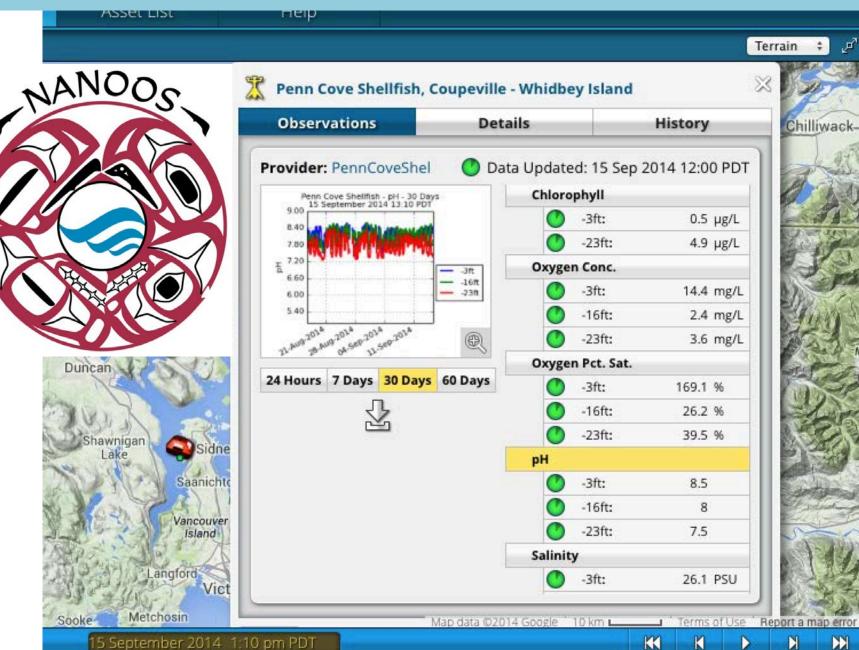








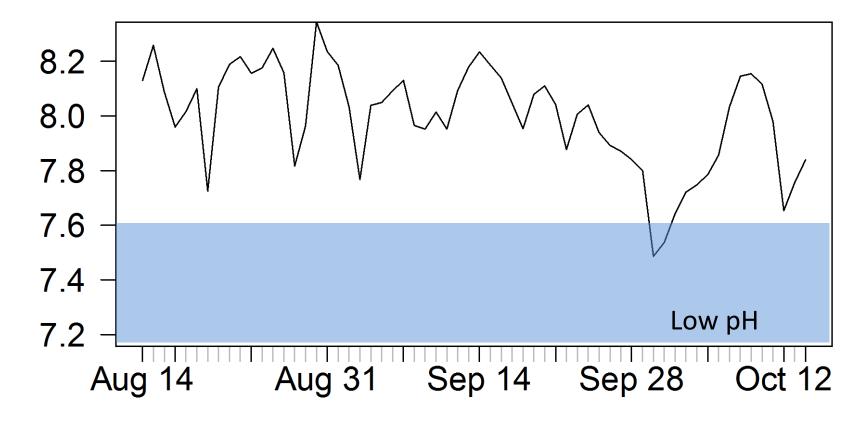
Real time observations



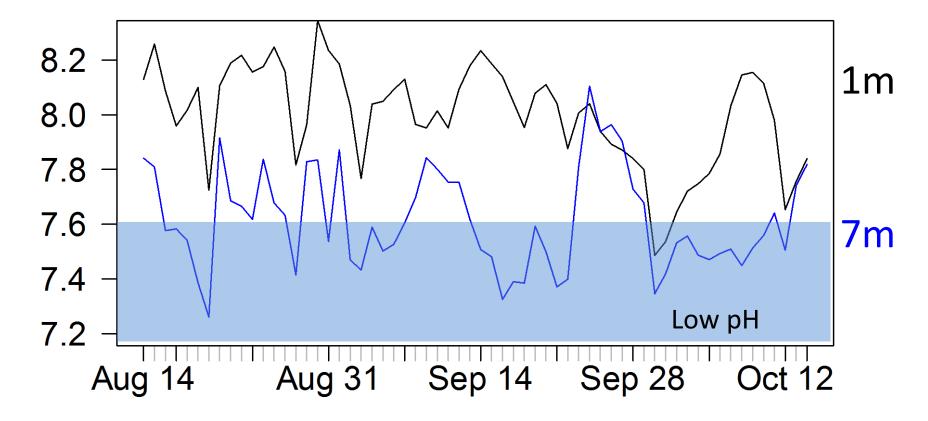
Real time observations

W22GL FI2L neip Terrain ø \$ NANOOR Penn Cove Shellfish, Coupeville - Whidbey Island Observations Details History Chilliwack-Provider: PennCoveShel Data Updated: 15 Sep 2014 12:00 PDT Chlorophyll Penn Cove Shelifish - pH - 30 Days 15 September 2014 13 10 PDT 9.00 -3ft: 0.5 µg/L 8.40 -23ft: 4.9 µg/L 7.20 표 Oxygen Conc. -3ft 6.60 -16ft -3ft: 14.4 mg/L -23ft 6.00 5.40 -16ft: 2.4 mg/L -49-2014 -ep.2014 **(B)** -23ft: 3.6 mg/L Oxygen Pct. Sat. -3ft: 169.1 % -16ft: 26.2 % -23ft: 39.5 % pH -3ft: 8.5 -16ft: 8 -23ft: 7.5 Salinity -3ft: 26.1 PSU AND THE REAL PROPERTY AND Terms of Use Report a map error Google 10 km L K DH K Н \geq

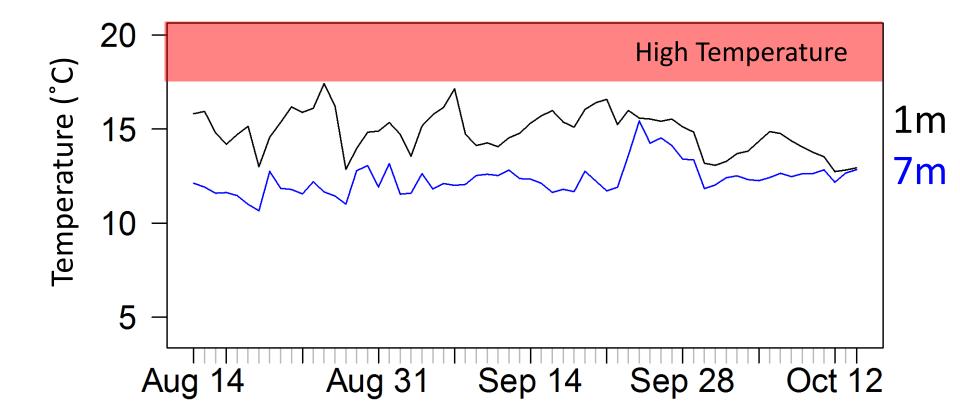
Do we see "low pH" conditions in the field?



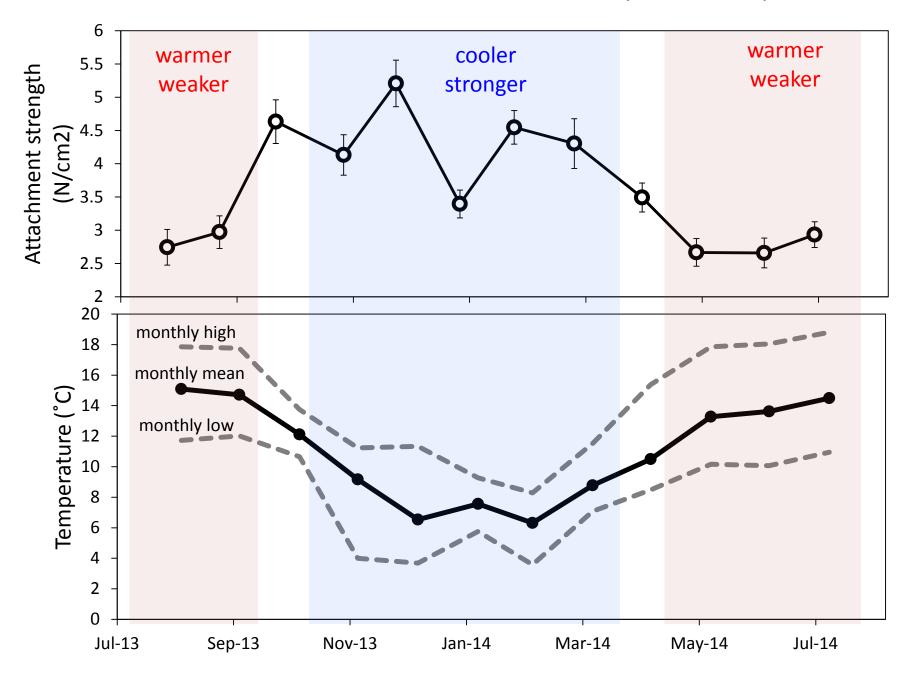
Do we see "low pH" conditions in the field?



Do we see "high temperature" conditions in the field?



Native mussel attachment varies seasonally with temperature



Linking lab studies to field observations

- What triggers fall-off events? (Temp, pH, food...)
- Develop adaptation strategies (e.g., timing of resocking and harvesting)
- Predictions for future scenarios (↑CO₂, land use/runoff)
- Which species in which location?



Expanding Our Network of Observations

Penn Cove Mussel Rafts (Penn Cove)Mytilus trossulus

Penn Cove Mussel Rafts (Quilcene Bay)

Strait of Juan de Fuca

Mytilus galloprovincialis

267

Seattle

50 KM

12.5

25

Taylor Shellfish Mussel Rafts Mytilus galloprovincialis (Totten Inlet)

Olympia

Acknowledgements

Laura Newcomb, Ian Jefferds and Carolyn Friedman and



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