

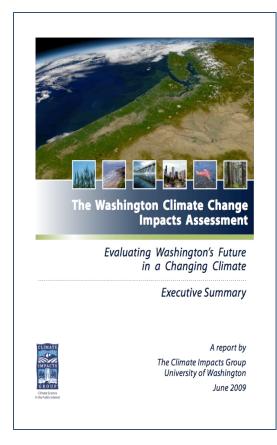
Foundation for the Response Strategy

Leading the Way:

Preparing for the Impacts of Climate Change in Washington

Recommendations of the Preparation and Adaptation Working Groups





Legal Framework

2008 Greenhouse Gas Reductions Goals and Green Economy

2009 State Agency Climate Leadership – Integrated Response Strategy

2007 and 2009 Executive Orders 07-02 and 09-05

Collaboration between State Agencies Engagement of stakeholders

Coastal Ecosystems

- Profoundly impacted by combined effects of:
 - Multiple human-caused stresses (i.e., sediments, organic matter, nutrients, pollutants, loss of habitat, etc.);
 - Climate change and extreme weather events (i.e., temperature, sea level rise, flooding, harmful algal bloom, beach erosion, etc.); and
 - OA









Priority Goals and Strategies

- Integrate adaptation with other goals, such as environmental protection, sustainable development and economic growth.
- Make adaptation response a standard part of agency planning and decision making.
- Strengthen existing efforts to help local, tribal, private, and public organizations reduce existing stresses and vulnerability to climate change.
- Make scientific information about climate change impacts accessible to decision makers and public.
- Improve public understanding and participation.

Key Strategies related to Ocean Acidification

- Reduce GHG emissions
- Reduce and address many existing stressors that exacerbate acidification conditions:
 - Using existing laws and legal tools to protect coastal waters and address impacts of development and urbanization, examples: CZMA, CWA, SMA, SEPA, GMA
 - Implementing programs and initiatives, such as Puget Sound Action Agenda, shellfish initiative (underway), stormwater, habitat protection and restoration.
- Implement actions that help the State better prepare for and manage climate-related risks.
- Build resilience to climate change in local communities.
- Advance monitoring and research.